

# Matson

# **Investor Presentation**

February 10, 2021

# Forward-Looking Statements

Statements made during this presentation that set forth expectations, predictions, projections or are about future events are based on facts and situations that are known to us as of February 10, 2021.

We believe that our expectations and assumptions are reasonable. Actual results may differ materially, due to risks and uncertainties, such as those described on pages 24-34 of our Form 10-Q filed on November 2, 2020 and other subsequent filings by Matson with the SEC. Statements made during this presentation are not guarantees of future performance.

We do not undertake any obligation to update our forward-looking statements.

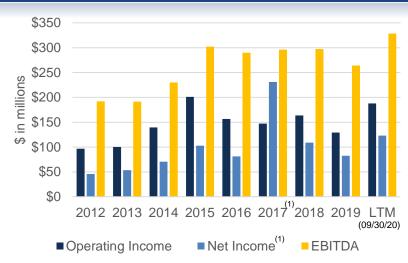


# Matson: At-a-Glance

#### **OCEAN TRANSPORTATION**

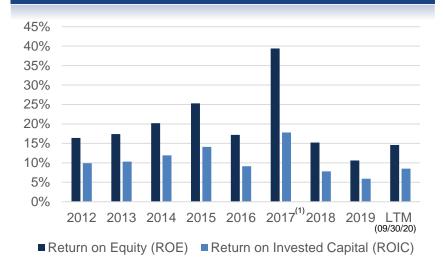
- A leading U.S. carrier in the Pacific
- Lifeline to economies of Hawaii, Alaska, Guam and other Pacific islands
- Niche, premium, expedited services from China to Southern California
- · 35% ownership in SSAT that operates 7 West Coast terminals
- LTM 3Q20 segment revenue of \$1,726 million

#### **Operating Income, Net Income and EBITDA**



#### LOGISTICS

- · Top 10 integrated, asset-light logistics services
- Freight forwarding, rail intermodal, highway brokerage, warehousing, and supply chain management services
- Leverages Matson and Span Alaska brands
- Scalable model with high ROIC
- LTM 3Q20 segment revenue of \$498 million



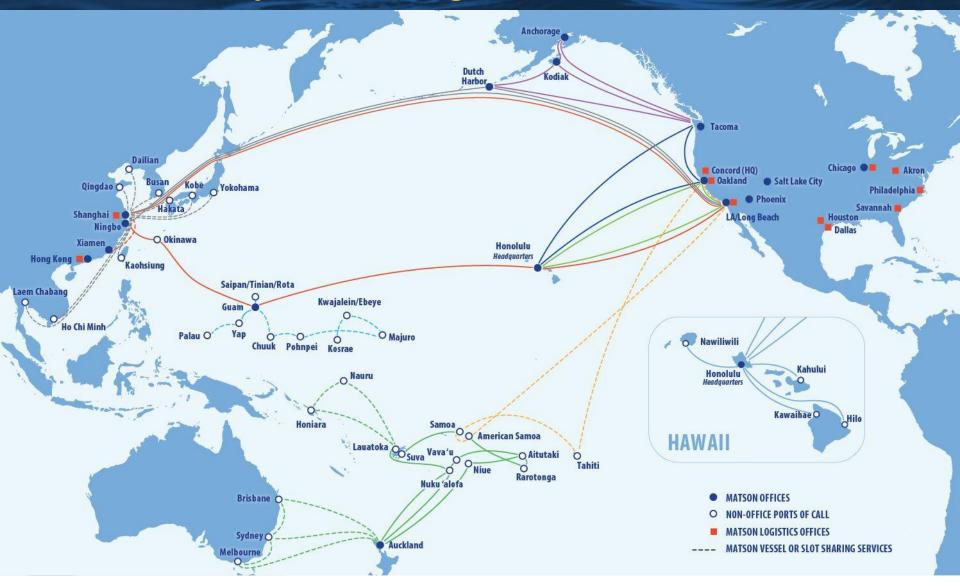
#### **Financial Return Metrics**

See Appendix for a reconciliation of GAAP to non-GAAP Financial Metrics

(1) Net Income in 2017 includes the benefit of a one-time, non-cash adjustment of \$154.0 million related to the enactment of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act.

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# Matson Today: Connecting the Pacific



# Investment Highlights

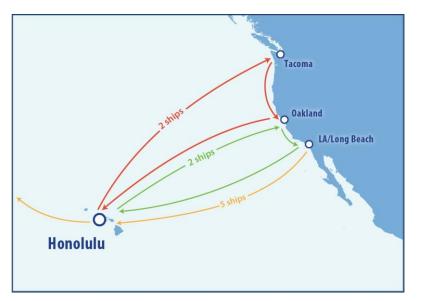
Unique Network Connecting the Pacific	<ul> <li>Providing critical supply lifelines to economies throughout the Pacific</li> <li>Strong market positions in attractive niche markets with multi-decade customer relationships</li> <li>Dual head-haul economics on China-to-Long Beach Express (CLX) service</li> <li>Logistics' business lines complement ocean services and drive high ROIC opportunities</li> </ul>
World-Class Operator and Premium Service Provider	<ul> <li>Fastest transit and cargo availability creates competitive advantage and premium rates for China service</li> <li>Fastest transit time to Guam from U.S. West Coast with superior on-time performance</li> <li>Well-maintained fleet with industry-leading on-time performance</li> <li>Dedicated terminals with best-in-class truck turns and unmatched cargo availability</li> <li>Hawaii Neighbor Island barge fleet and Micronesia feeder vessels create hub-and-spoke efficiency</li> </ul>
Increasingly Diversified Cash Flows	<ul> <li>Increasingly diversified cash flows from: <ul> <li>Distinct ocean tradelane service routes,</li> <li>A niche provider of logistics services complementing the tradelane services, and</li> <li>An equity investment in SSAT, a leading U.S. West Coast terminal operator</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Organic Growth Opportunities	<ul> <li>Initiated two new ocean services in 2020 with little capital outlay: CLX+ and AAX</li> <li>Pursue opportunities that leverage the combined services of Ocean Transportation and Logistics</li> </ul>
Stable, Growing and Defensible Cash Flow Generation	<ul> <li>Financial strength to invest to grow the core businesses, pursue strategic opportunities and return capital to shareholders</li> <li>Approximately \$1 billion investment in Hawaii fleet renewal and supporting infrastructure</li> <li>Approximately \$700 million in investments for Alaska entry over last 5 years</li> </ul>
Commitment to Returning Cash to Shareholders	<ul> <li>Over \$335 million returned to shareholders through share repurchases and dividends since becoming public in 2012</li> <li>Compelling dividend yield with dividend growth history</li> </ul>
Strong Balance Sheet	<ul><li>Investment grade credit metrics</li><li>Balance sheet strength leads to low cost of capital</li></ul>

# Hawaii Service

### **Overview of Service**

- 5 U.S. West Coast departures and 3 arrivals in Honolulu per week
- Dedicated neighbor island barge service

#### Current 9-ship deployment



## Market Overview

- Competitors:
  - Pasha
  - Barges
  - Air freight

# Matson's Focus

- Maintain best-in-class on-time arrival and cargo availability
- Dedicated terminals and fullyintegrated cargo delivery to major neighbor islands

# **China Service**

# **Overview of Service**

- 2 weekly services from Ningbo/Shanghai to Long Beach
  - CLX: started in 2005
  - CLX+: started in May 2020
  - Feeder services from other Asian port origins
- CLX and CLX+ are premium services providing an alternative to deferred air freight and other ocean carriers
- Dedicated terminal space in Long Beach with off-dock container yard
- Door-to-door services in coordination with Matson Logistics

# Matson's Focus

- Continue to differentiate services with reliability as a premium service provider
- · Attract new customers away from air freight
- Continue to find opportunities to lower breakeven cost on CLX+

- Market Overview
- Competitors:
  - Other transpacific carriers
  - Air freight carriers



Port of Long Beach

#### CLX is the #1 Transpacific Service and CLX+ is #2

- Expedited, 10-day transit from Shanghai
- Exclusive terminal (for CLX) unrivaled speed
- Next day cargo availability at off-dock facility



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# **CLX+** Service

#### Matson is confident the CLX+ service will be permanent.

- · 15-year track record of operating the industry leading expedited CLX service
- Introduction of Alaska-to-Asia Express (AAX) helps lower the long-term breakeven economics
- Favorable macro supply and demand dynamics in the transpacific tradelane during the fourth quarter
  - Expect macro supply and demand trends in transpacific tradelane to remain largely favorable in the first half of 2021 as pandemic persists
  - As pandemic subsides with widespread vaccination, expect some supply and demand factors that we are currently benefitting from to remain and continue to drive demand for CLX and CLX+

#### **Demand Dynamics**

- Increasing demand for e-commerce goods
- Shift in consumer spending from services to home improvement, electronics and other
- Inventory restocking
- End of pandemic may be gradual as distribution of billions of doses could potentially take years

#### **Supply Dynamics**

- Continued dislocation in transpacific air freight markets
- Constraints in transpacific ocean capacity
- Significant equipment demand and West Coast port congestion

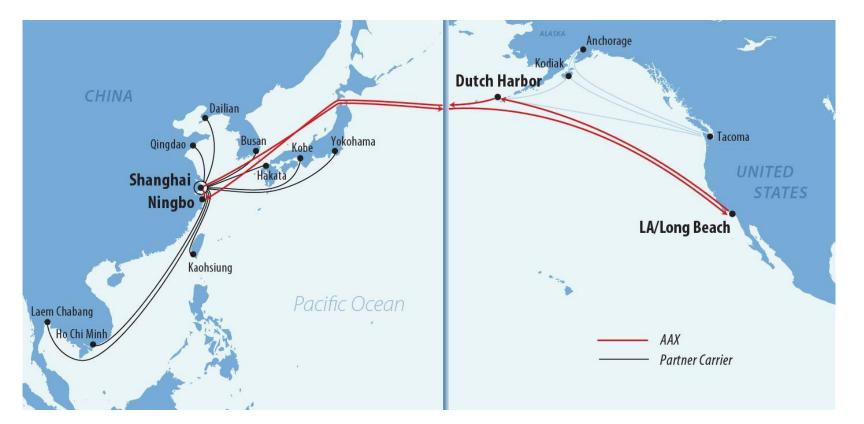
#### Our competitive advantages in the CLX service are also in the CLX+ service.

- Own our chassis
- Combination of SSAT terminal operations and Shippers Transport off-dock facility lead to industry low turn times and next day container availability
  - Allows us to avoid the congestion issues during peak periods

# CLX+ and the Alaska-Asia Express

On August 26<sup>th</sup>, Matson announced the introduction of the AAX as a backhaul service on the CLX+

- · Important route for Alaska seafood exports to Asia
- Connecting service from Anchorage and Kodiak via Matson's domestic Alaska service



# Alaska Service

### **Overview of Service**

- Twice weekly service to Anchorage and Kodiak
- Weekly service into Dutch Harbor
- Matson is the only U.S. containership operator serving Kodiak and Dutch Harbor

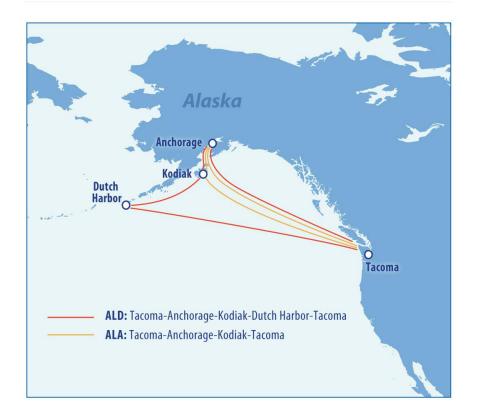
### Market Overview

- · Competitors: TOTE, barges, air freight and OTR trucking
- Air freight rates are very high relative to the cost of goods being shipped
- NB volume growth tied to Alaska's economy
- · SB volume tied to seasonality of seafood harvests

# Matson's Focus

- Maintain excellence in on-time cargo availability
- Expand premium SB service differentiation
- Market Alaska-to-Asia Express (AAX) service for 'A' fishing season in early 2021

# **Current 3-Ship Deployment**





# **Guam Service**

### **Overview of Service**

- Weekly service to Guam as part of CLX service
- 3-to-5 day ocean transit advantage from U.S. West Coast

# Matson's Focus

- Maintain superior service and on-time performance
- Fight for every piece of freight

# Market Overview

- Competitors:
  - APL (U.S. flagged service)
    - Trans-ships in Yokohama to Guam via a 2-ship feeder service
  - International carriers with Asia direct services
  - Air freight



# **SSAT Joint Venture**

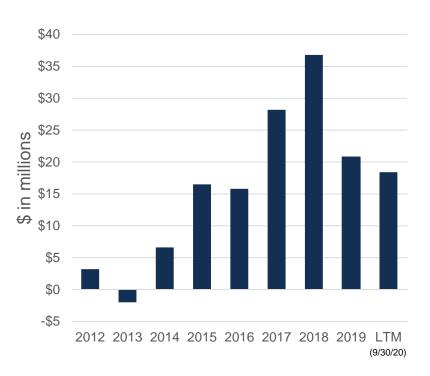
### Overview

- Matson owns a 35% interest in SSA Terminals, LLC (SSAT), the leading U.S. West Coast terminal operator
  - SSAT currently provides terminal and stevedoring services to carriers at 7 terminal facilities

Port	Terminal	Acreage
Long Beach	Pier A	196
	C60	70
Tacoma	West Sitcum	123
Oakland	OICT	270
	B63	80
Seattle*	T-18	196
	T-30	70

\* SSAT does have a lease for T-5, but the terminal is currently under re-development and not active.

# SSAT JV Equity Income (Loss)



SSAT is the best operator on the U.S. West Coast.

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# **Matson Logistics**

### **Overview of Services**

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Freight Forwarding	

 LCL consolidation and freight forwarding primarily to the Alaska market through Span Alaska

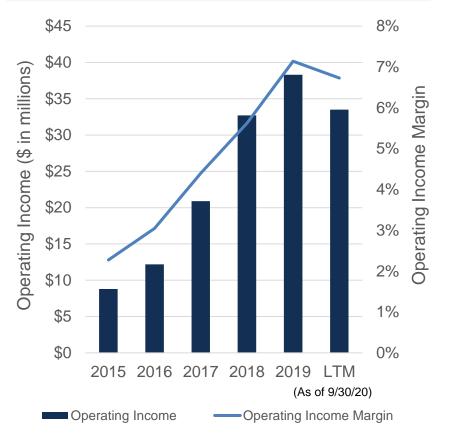
	Domestic and international rail intermodal
Transportation Brokerage	Long-haul and regional highway trucking
Dickerage	Less-than-truckload and expedited freight

	• Over 1.5 million sq. ft. across 4 buildings in
Warehousing	attractive port-based locations
and Distribution	<ul> <li>Mix of contract and public warehouses</li> </ul>

Supply Chain Mgmt. and Other

- PO management, freight forwarding and NVOCC services
- Organically grown from Matson's CLX service

# Operating Income and Margin



Note: Acquired Span Alaska in 3Q 2016.

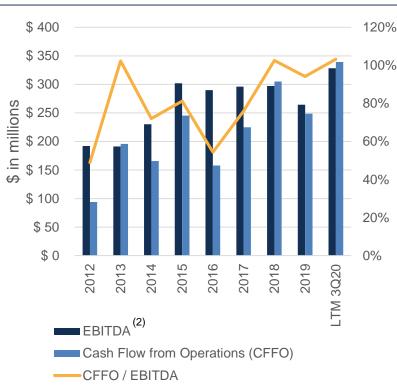
# Span Alaska Overview

- Receives LCL freight in Auburn, WA for consolidation and shipment to Alaska
- Network of terminals enables transport of freight to all major population centers in AK
- Matson's largest northbound freight customer





# Strong Cash Flow Generation and Balance Sheet



Cash Flow Generation

Leverage = Total  $Debt^{(1)} / EBITDA^{(2)}$ 



- Delivery of Matsonia in 4Q20 marked the end of a ~\$930 million investment in 4 new Hawaii vessels
- Alaska vessel reflecting end of this decade

 Weighted average cost of debt at end of 3Q20 was approximately 2.64%<sup>(3)</sup>

- Completed two Title XI transactions in 2Q20
- Target "low 2xs" leverage

(1) Total debt is presented before any reduction for deferred loan fees as required by U.S. GAAP.

(2) See the Appendix for a reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP Financial Metrics. EBITDA calculated per amended debt agreements is higher than reported EBITDA. (3) Reflects an interest rate of 3.25% on the revolving credit facility as of September 30, 2020.





# Matson

# Appendix

Matson reports financial results in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The Company also considers other non-GAAP measures to evaluate performance, make day-to-day operating decisions, help investors understand our ability to incur and service debt and to make capital expenditures, and to understand period-over-period operating results separate and apart from items that may, or could, have a disproportional positive or negative impact on results in any particular period. These non-GAAP measures include, but are not limited to, Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization ("EBITDA"), Return on Invested Capital ("ROIC"), Return on Equity ("ROE"), Total Debt-to-EBITDA and Net Debt-to-EBITDA.

	LTM as of	For the years ended December 31,							
(\$ in millions, except ROIC and ROE)	09/30/20	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Total debt (6)	\$ 823.6	\$ 958.4	\$ 856.4	\$ 857.1	\$ 738.9	\$ 429.9	\$ 373.6	\$ 286.1	\$ 319.1
Less: total cash and cash equivalents	(12.7)	(21.2)	(19.6)	(19.8)	(13.9)	(25.5)	(293.4)	(114.5)	(19.9)
Less: cash on deposit in Capital Construction Fund	-	-	-	(0.9)	(31.2)	-	(27.5)	-	-
Net debt	810.9	937.2	836.8	836.4	693.8	404.4	52.7	171.6	299.2
Net income	\$ 123.1	\$ 82.7 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 109.0 <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 231.0 <sup>(3)</sup>	\$81.4	\$ 103.0	\$ 70.8	\$ 53.7	\$ 45.9
Add: loss from discontinued operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.1
Add: income tax expense	41.6	25.1	38.7	(105.8)	49.1	74.8	51.9	32.2	33.0
Add: interest expense	28.1	22.5	18.7	24.2	24.1	18.5	17.3	14.4	11.7
Add: depreciation and amortization	135.6	134.0	130.9	146.6	135.4	105.8	90.1	91.0	95.4
EBITDA	328.4	264.3	297.3	296.0	290.0	302.1	230.1	191.3	192.1
Net income (A)	\$ 123.1	\$ 82.7 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 109.0 <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 231.0 <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 81.4	\$ 103.0	\$ 70.8	\$ 53.7	\$ 45.9
Add: loss from discontinued operations	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	_	6.1
Add: interest expense (tax-effected) (4)	21.0	16.7	14.2	14.9	15.1	10.7	10.0	9.0	7.2
Total return (B)	144.1	99.4	123.2	245.9	<mark>9</mark> 6.5	113.7	80.8	62.7	59.2
Average total debt (6)	\$ 853.3	\$ 907.4	\$ 856.8	\$ 798.0	\$ 584.4	\$ 401.8	\$ 329.9	\$ 302.6	\$ 319.1 <sup>(!</sup>
Average shareholders' equity (C)	844.8	780.5	716.3	586.1	472.8	407.1	351.0	309.1	279.9 <sup>(8</sup>
Total invested capital (D)	1,698.1	1,687.9	1,573.1	1,384.1	1,057.2	808.9	680.9	611.7	599.0 <sup>(</sup>
ROIC = (B)/(D)	8.5%	5.9%	7.8%	17.8%	9.1%	14.1%	11.9%	10.3%	9.9%
ROE = (A)/(C)	14.6%	10.6%	15.2%	39.4%	17.2%	25.3%	20.2%	17.4%	16.4%

(1) Includes a non-cash tax benefit of \$2.9 million related to discrete adjustments as a result of applying the provisions of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Tax Act").

(2) Includes a non-cash tax expense of \$2.9 million or \$0.07 per diluted share related to discrete adjustments as a result of applying the provisions of the Tax Act.

(3) Includes the benefit of a one-time, non-cash adjustment of \$154.0 million or \$3.56 per diluted share related to the enactment of the Tax Act.

(4) The effective tax rates each year in the period 2012-2019 were 38.8%, 37.5%, 42.3%, 42.1%, 37.6%, (84.5%), 26.2% and 23.3%, respectively. For the LTM period as of 09/30/20, the effective tax rate was 25.3%. The effective tax rates for 2017, 2018 and 2019 excluding adjustments related to the Tax Act, would have been 38.5%, 24.2% and 26.0%, respectively.

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(5) The 2012 calculation is based on total invested capital as of December 31, 2012 due to the timing of the separation from Alexander & Baldwin.

(6) Total debt is presented before any reduction for deferred loan fees as required by U.S. GAAP

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